UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended July 2, 2010

OR

0 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission file number 1-5560

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

20 Sylvan Road, Woburn, Massachusetts (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(781) 376-3000

04-2302115

(I.R.S. Employer

Identification No.)

01801

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. \Box Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). 🗹 Yes o No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer 🗹

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Accelerated filer o

o Yes 🗹 No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at August 1, 2010
Common Stock, par value \$.25 per share	178,637,063

(Zip Code)

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JULY 2, 2010

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE NO.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION	PAGE NO.
ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS – THREE AND NINE- MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 2010</u> (UNAUDITED) AND JULY 3, 2009 (UNAUDITED)	3
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS – JULY 2, 2010 (UNAUDITED) AND OCTOBER 2, 2009 (UNAUDITED)	4
<u>CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – NINE-MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 2010 (UNAUDITED) AND JULY 3,</u> 2009 (UNAUDITED)	5
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)	6
ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	16
ITEM 3: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	24
ITEM 4: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	25
PART II OTHER INFORMATION	25
ITEM 1A: RISK FACTORS	25
ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	25
ITEM 6: EXHIBITS	26
SIGNATURES	27
EX-31.1 EX-31.2	
<u>EX-32.1</u>	
<u>EX-32.2</u>	
EX-101 INSTANCE DOCUMENT EX-101 SCHEMA DOCUMENT	
EX-101 SCHEMA DOCUMENT EX-101 CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT	
EX-101 LABELS LINKBASE DOCUMENT	
EX-101 PRESENTATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT	



PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three-months Ended		Nine-months Ended	
	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009(1)	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009(1)
Net revenue	\$275,370	\$191,213	\$758,566	\$574,431
Cost of goods sold	157,104	114,263	437,892	348,739
Gross profit	118,266	76,950	320,674	225,692
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	34,882	29,666	98,731	92,906
Selling, general and administrative	29,451	24,215	84,164	74,110
Amortization of intangible assets	1,501	1,548	4,502	3,943
Restructuring and other charges	(1,040)		(1,040)	15,982
Total operating expenses	64,794	55,429	186,357	186,941
Operating income	53,472	21,521	134,317	38,751
Interest expense	(867)	(1,999)	(3,619)	(6,352)
Gain (loss) on early retirement of convertible debt	45		(79)	4,913
Other income (loss), net	19	(32)	(300)	1,357
Income before income taxes	52,669	19,490	130,319	38,669
Provision for income taxes	17,933	750	39,829	2,022
Net income	\$ 34,736	\$ 18,740	\$ 90,490	\$ 36,647
Per share information:				
Net income, basic	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.22
Net income, diluted	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.22
Number of weighted-average shares used in per share computations, basic	175,495	167,062	174,220	165,971
Number of weighted-average shares used in per share computations, diluted	183,889	169,525	182,072	167,180

(1) Effective October 3, 2009, we adopted ASC 470-20 — *Debt*, *Debt with Conversions and Other Options* ("ASC 470-20") in accordance with GAAP. Our financial statements and the accompanying footnotes for all prior periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the retrospective adoption of this new accounting principle. See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited, in thousands, except per share amounts)

	As	of
	July 2, 2010	October 2, 2009 (1)
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 383,824	\$ 364,221
Restricted cash	6,127	5,863
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$3,399 and \$2,845, respectively	154,783	115,034
Inventories	118,119	86,097
Prepaids and other current assets	20,805	18,912
Total current assets	683,658	590,127
Property, plant and equipment, net	187,491	162,299
Goodwill	485,624	482,893
Intangible assets, net	13,743	18,245
Deferred tax assets	66,137	89,163
Other assets	11,579	9,864
Total assets	\$1,448,232	\$1,352,591

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt	\$ 50,000	\$ 81,865
Accounts payable	102,588	69,098
Accrued compensation and benefits	28,888	29,449
Other current liabilities	9,643	15,831
Total current liabilities	191,119	196,243
Long-term debt, less current maturities	24,421	41,483
Other long-term liabilities	11,986	6,086
Total liabilities	227,526	243,812

Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)

Stockholders' equity:

Preferred stock, no par value: 25,000 shares authorized, no shares issued	—	
Common stock, \$0.25 par value: 525,000 shares authorized; 183,094 shares issued and 177,679 shares		
outstanding at July 2, 2010 and 177,873 shares issued and 172,815 shares outstanding at October 2, 2009	44,419	43,204
Additional paid-in capital	1,592,963	1,568,416
Treasury stock	(40,632)	(36,307)
Accumulated deficit	(374,664)	(465,154)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,380)	(1,380)
Total stockholders' equity	1,220,706	1,108,779
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,448,232	\$1,352,591

(1) Effective October 3, 2009, we adopted ASC 470-20 — *Debt, Debt with Conversions and Other Options* ("ASC 470-20") in accordance with GAAP. Our financial statements and the accompanying footnotes for all prior periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the retrospective adoption of this new accounting principle. See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited, in thousands)

		ths Ended
	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009 (1)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 90,490	\$ 36,647
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Share-based compensation expense	26,239	16,321
Depreciation	34,155	33,991
Amortization of intangible assets	4,502	3,943
Amortization of deferred financing costs	168	422
Amortization of discount on convertible debt	2,180	3,747
Contribution of common shares to savings and retirement plans	6,834	5,457
Non-cash restructuring expense	_	955
Deferred income taxes	23,831	1,196
Loss on disposals of assets	263	228
Inventory write-downs	—	3,458
Asset impairments	_	5,616
Allowances for accounts receivable	554	779
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	(40,303)	33,537
Inventories	(31,897)	12,535
Other current and long-term assets	(6,542)	(1,241)
Accounts payable	33,490	(10,314)
Other current and long-term liabilities	5,713	(4,012)
Net cash provided by operating activities	149,677	143,265
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(59,609)	(24,262)
Payments for acquisitions	(6,000)	(9,059)
Net cash used in investing activities	(65,609)	(33,321)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Retirement of 2007 Convertible Notes	(51,107)	(34,125)
Reacquisition of equity instruments	(29,602)	(9,253)
Change in restricted cash	(265)	100
Repurchase of common stock	(4,325)	(2,010)
Net proceeds from exercise of stock options	20,834	12,744
Net cash used in financing activities	(64,465)	(32,544)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	19,603	77,400
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	364,221	225,104
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$383,824	\$302,504
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:		
Taxes paid	\$ 12,869	\$ 894
-	\$ 889	\$ 1,511
Interest paid	<u>\$ 009</u>	φ 1,311

(1) Effective October 3, 2009, we adopted ASC 470-20 — Debt, Debt with Conversions and Other Options ("ASC 470-20") in accordance with GAAP. Our financial statements and the accompanying footnotes for all prior periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the retrospective adoption of this new accounting principle. See Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Skyworks Solutions, Inc. together with its consolidated subsidiaries, ("Skyworks" or the "Company") is an innovator of high reliability analog and mixed signal semiconductors. Leveraging core technologies, Skyworks offers diverse standard and custom linear products supporting automotive, broadband, cellular infrastructure, energy management, industrial, medical, military and cellular handset applications. The Company's portfolio includes amplifiers, attenuators, detectors, diodes, directional couplers, front-end modules, hybrids, infrastructure RF subsystems, mixers/demodulators, phase shifters, PLLs/synthesizers/VCOs, power dividers/combiners, receivers, switches and technical ceramics.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") for interim financial reporting. Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. However, in the opinion of management, the financial information reflects all adjustments, consisting of adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Company for the periods presented. The results of operations for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. This information should be read in conjunction with the Company's financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 2, 2009 as filed with the SEC.

The Company evaluates its estimates on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment. The current volatility in the capital markets and the global economy has increased the uncertainty in our estimates, including our estimates impacting marketable securities and long-lived assets. Significant judgment is required in determining the fair value of marketable securities in inactive markets as well as determining when declines in fair value constitute an other-than-temporary impairment. In addition, significant judgment is required in determining whether a potential indicator of impairment of our long-lived assets exists and in estimating future cash flows for any necessary impairment tests. As future events unfold and their effects cannot be determined with precision, actual results could differ significantly from management's estimates.

The Company's fiscal year ends each year on the Friday closest to September 30. Fiscal 2010 consists of 52 weeks and ends on October 1, 2010. Fiscal 2009 consisted of 52 weeks and ended on October 2, 2009. The third quarters of fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 each consisted of 13 weeks and ended on July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009, respectively.

2. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

The Company accounts for its investments in accordance with ASC 320-*Investments-Debt and Equity Securities*, and classifies them as "available for sale". At July 2, 2010, these securities consisted of \$3.2 million in auction rate securities ("ARS"), which are long-term debt instruments that provide liquidity through a Dutch auction process that resets interest rates each period. The uncertainties in the credit markets have caused the ARS to become illiquid, resulting in failed auctions.

During the fiscal year ended October 3, 2008, the Company performed a comprehensive valuation and discounted cash flow analysis on the ARS. The Company concluded the value of the ARS was \$2.3 million, thus the carrying value of these securities was reduced by \$0.9 million, reflecting this change in fair value. The Company assessed the decline in fair value to be temporary and recorded this reduction in shareholders' equity in accumulated other comprehensive loss. The Company will continue to closely monitor the ARS and evaluate the appropriate accounting treatment in each reporting period. If in a future period, the Company determines that the impairment is other than temporary, the Company will impair the security to its fair value and charge the loss to earnings. Conversely, if the fair value of the ARS increases in a future period the Company will write up the security to that fair value. The Company holds no other auction rate securities.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

On October 4, 2008, the Company adopted ASC 820-*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure* ("ASC 820") for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The Company adopted ASC 820-10-55 for non-financial assets and liabilities including intangible assets and reporting units measured at fair value in the first step of a goodwill impairment test on October 3, 2009.

In accordance with ASC 820, the Company groups its financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. These levels are:

- Level 1 Valuation is based upon quoted market price for identical instruments traded in active markets.
- Level 2 Valuation is based upon quoted market prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in
 markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3 Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market. Valuation techniques include use of discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

The Company has cash equivalents classified as Level 1 and has no Level 2 assets. The Company's ARS, discussed in Note 2, Marketable Securities, are classified as Level 3 assets. There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 assets during the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010. There have been no purchases, sales, issuances or settlements of the marketable securities classified as Level 3 assets during the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010.

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents the balances of cash equivalents and marketable securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of July 2, 2010 (in thousands):

	Total	Activ Ider	ted Prices in e Markets for ntical Assets (Level 1)	0 Observa	easurements hificant hther able Inputs evel 2)	Uno I	nificant bservable nputs evel 3)
Cash equivalents:							
Money market/repurchase agreements	\$373,487	\$	373,487	\$		\$	—
Auction rate security	2,288		—		—		2,288
Total	\$375,775	\$	373,487	\$		\$	2,288

Non-Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

The Company's non-financial assets, such as goodwill, intangible assets, and other long lived assets resulting from business combinations are measured at fair value at the date of acquisition and subsequently remeasured if there is an indicator of impairment. There was no impairment recognized during the three or nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010.



4. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of the following (in thousands):

	July 2, 2010	October 2, 2009
Raw materials	\$ 10,601	\$ 9,889
Work-in-process	67,077	56,074
Finished goods	28,706	12,950
Finished goods held on consignment by customers	11,735	7,184
Total inventories	\$ 118,119	\$ 86,097

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment consist of the following (in thousands):

	July 2, 2010	October 2, 2009
Land	\$ 9,423	\$ 9,423
Land and leasehold improvements	5,316	5,063
Buildings	40,883	39,992
Furniture and fixtures	24,691	24,450
Machinery and equipment	442,535	393,566
Construction in progress	25,722	19,209
Total property, plant and equipment, gross	548,570	491,703
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(361,079)	(329,404)
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 187,491	\$ 162,299

6. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and intangible assets consist of the following (in thousands):

	Weighted		July 2, 2010			October 2, 2009	
	Average Amortization Period(Years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Goodwill		\$485,624	\$ —	\$485,624	\$482,893	\$ —	\$482,893
Amortized intangible assets:							
Developed technology	5-10	\$ 13,750	\$ (10,271)	3,479	\$ 13,750	\$ (8,899)	\$ 4,851
Customer relationships	5-10	21,510	(15,095)	6,415	21,510	(12,697)	8,813
Patents and other	0.5-3	5,966	(5,386)	580	5,966	(4,654)	1,312
Amortized intangible assets		41,226	(30,752)	10,474	41,226	(26,250)	14,976
Unamortized intangible assets:							
Trademarks		3,269	_	3,269	3,269	_	3,269
Total intangible assets		\$ 44,495	\$ (30,752)	\$ 13,743	\$ 44,495	\$ (26,250)	\$ 18,245

Amortization expense related to intangible assets are as follows (in thousands):

	Three-mont	Three-months Ended		hs Ended
	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009
mortization expense	\$ 1,501	\$ 1,548	\$ 4,502	\$ 3,943



Table of Contents

The changes in the gross carrying amount of goodwill and intangible assets are as follows (in thousands):

	Goodwill	Developed Technology	Customer Relationships	Patents and Other	Trademarks	Total
Balance as of October 2, 2009	\$482,893	\$ 13,750	\$ 21,510	\$ 5,966	\$ 3,269	\$527,388
Additions during period	2,731					2,731
Balance as of July 2, 2010	\$485,624	\$ 13,750	\$ 21,510	\$ 5,966	\$ 3,269	\$ 530,119

The Company tests its goodwill for impairment annually as of the first day of its fourth fiscal quarter and in interim periods if certain events occur indicating that the carrying value of goodwill may be impaired. In accordance with ASC 350, *Intangibles – Goodwill and Other*, the Company performed a goodwill impairment test and determined that as of July 3, 2010, its goodwill was not impaired.

Annual amortization expense related to intangible assets for the next five years is expected to be as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Amortization expense	\$ 6,002	\$ 5,052	\$ 3,783	\$ 139	\$ —

7. BORROWING ARRANGEMENTS

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following (in thousands):

	July 2, 2010	October 2, 2009
2007 Convertible Notes	\$ 24,421	\$ 73,348
Less-current maturities		31,865
Total long-term debt	\$ 24,421	\$ 41,483

On March 2, 2007, the Company issued \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible subordinated notes ("2007 Convertible Notes"). The offering contained two tranches. The first tranche consisted of \$100.0 million of 1.25% convertible subordinated notes due March 2010 (the "1.25% Notes"). The Company cash settled the remaining principal balance on the 1.25% Notes (\$27.6 million) during the quarter ended April 2, 2010. The second tranche consisted of \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of 1.50% convertible subordinated notes due March 2012 (the "1.50% Notes"). The Company pays interest in cash semi-annually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year on the 1.50% Notes. The conversion price of the 1.50% Notes is 105.0696 shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes to be redeemed, which is the equivalent of a conversion price of approximately \$9.52 per share, plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to the conversion date. Holders of the 1.50% Notes may require the Company to repurchase the 2007 Convertible Notes upon a change in control of the Company.

On October 3, 2009, the Company adopted ASC 470-20 — *Debt, Debt with Conversions and Other Options* ("ASC 470-20"). ASC 470-20 requires the issuer of convertible debt instruments with cash settlement features to separately account for the liability and equity components of the convertible debt instrument and requires retrospective application to all periods presented in the financial statements to which it is applicable. ASC 470-20 applies to the Company's 2007 Convertible Notes. Using a non-convertible borrowing rate of 6.86%, the Company estimated the fair value of the liability component of the 1.50% Notes to be \$77.3 million. As of the issuance date, the difference between the fair value of the liability component of the 1.50% Notes and the corresponding aggregate principal amount of such notes, which is equal to the fair value of the equity component of the 1.50% Notes (\$22.7 million), was retrospectively recorded as a debt discount and as an increase to additional paid-in capital, net of tax. The discount of the liability component of the 1.50% Notes is being amortized over the life of the instrument.

During the six-month period ended April 2, 2010, the Company redeemed the remaining \$32.6 million of aggregate outstanding principal amount of the 1.25% Notes, paying a cash premium (cash paid less principal amount) of \$15.1 million. After applying ASC 470-20, the Company recorded a loss on the transaction of approximately \$0.1 million (including commissions and deferred financing).

During the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, the Company redeemed \$20.4 million of aggregate outstanding principal amount of the 1.50% Notes. The Company paid cash premium (cash paid less principal amount) of approximately \$12.4 million on the early retirements. After applying ASC 470-20, the Company recorded a gain on the transaction of approximately \$0.2 million (including commissions and deferred financing).

The following tables provide additional information about the Company's 2007 Convertible Notes (in thousands):

	As	of
	July 2, 2010	October 2, 2009
Equity component of the convertible notes outstanding	\$ 6,061	\$ 15,670
Principal amount of the convertible notes	26,677	79,733
Unamortized discount of the liability component	2,256	6,385
Net carrying amount of the liability component	24,421	73,348
	Nine-montl July 2, 2010	hs Ended July 3, 2009
Effective interest rate on the liability component	6.86%	6.86%
Cash interest expense recognized (contractual interest)	\$ 634	\$ 1,055

Effective interest expense recognized

The remaining unamortized discount on the 1.50% Notes will be amortized over the next twenty months. As of July 2, 2010, the if-converted value of the remaining 1.50% Notes exceeds the related principal amount by approximately \$20.0 million. As of July 2, 2010 and October 2, 2009, the number of shares of the Company's common stock underlying the then remaining 2007 Convertible Notes (which at October 2, 2009 included both the 1.25% Notes and the 1.50% Notes) were 2.8 million and 8.4 million, respectively.

2,180

\$

3,747

\$

The retrospective application of ASC 470-20 had the following effect on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009 (in thousands):

			-months Ende uly 3, 2009	d			onths Ended 7 3, 2009	l	
	viously ported		As Adjusted	Effect of Change	eviously eported	A	As ljusted		ffect of Change
Interest expense	\$ (890)	0	5 (1,999)	\$ (1,109)	\$ (2,837)	\$	(6,352)	\$	(3,515)
Gain on early retirement of convertible debt									
(1)	_		—	—	2,035		4,913		2,878
Net income	19,849		18,740	(1,109)	37,284		36,647		(637)
Per share information:									
Net income (loss), basic	\$ 0.12		6 0.11	(\$0.01)	\$ 0.22	\$	0.22	\$	0.00
Net income (loss), diluted	\$ 0.12	2	5 0.11	(\$0.01)	\$ 0.22	\$	0.22	\$	0.00

(1) The previously reported gain on early retirement of the 1.25% and 1.50% Notes for the nine-month period ended July 3, 2009 was net of deferred financing cost write-downs of \$0.9 million.

The retrospective application of ASC 470-20 had the following effect on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheet as of October 2, 2009 (in thousands):



	Previously Reported	As Adjusted	Effect of Change
Other assets	\$ 10,283	\$ 9,864	\$ (419)
Deferred tax assets	91,479	89,163	(2,316)
Short-term debt	82,617	81,865	(752)
Long-term debt	47,116	41,483	(5,633)
Additional paid-in capital	1,499,406	1,568,416	69,010
Accumulated deficit	(399,794)	(465,154)	(65,360)

The retrospective application of ASC 470-20 had the following effect on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the nine-months ended July 3, 2009 (in thousands):

	Previously Reported		As Adjusted	Effect	of Change
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net income	\$	37,284	\$ 36,647	\$	(637)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		654	422		(232)
Amortization of discount on convertible debt			3,747		3,747
Net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	37,938	\$ 40,816	\$	2,878
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Retirement of 2007 Convertible Notes	\$	(40,500)	\$ (34,125)	\$	6,375
Reacquisition of equity		—	(9,253)		(9,253)
Net cash used in financing activities:	\$	(40,500)	\$ (43,378)	\$	(2,878)

Short-Term Debt

Short-term debt consists of the following (in thousands):

	July 2, 2010	October 2, 2009
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ —	\$ 31,865
Facility Agreement	50,000	50,000
Total short-term debt	\$ 50,000	\$ 81,865

On July 15, 2003, the Company entered into a receivables purchase agreement under which it has agreed to sell from time to time certain of its accounts receivable to Skyworks USA, Inc. ("Skyworks USA"), a wholly-owned special purpose entity that is consolidated for accounting purposes. Concurrently, Skyworks USA entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (previously Wachovia Bank, N.A.) providing for a \$50.0 million credit facility ("Facility Agreement") secured by the purchased accounts receivable. As a part of the consolidation, any interest incurred by Skyworks USA related to monies it borrows under the Facility Agreement is recorded as interest expense in the Company's results of operations. The Company performs collections and administrative functions on behalf of Skyworks USA. The Company renewed the Facility Agreement on July 9, 2009 for a one year term and has subsequently extended the agreement through October 12, 2010. Interest related to the Facility Agreement is at LIBOR plus 0.75%. As of July 2, 2010, Skyworks USA had borrowed \$50.0 million under this agreement.

8. INCOME TAXES

The Company recorded tax provisions of \$17.9 million and \$39.8 million for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, and \$0.7 million and \$2.0 million for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, respectively. The Company's effective tax rates were 34.0% and 30.6% for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, and 3.8% and 5.2% for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, respectively. For the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the 35% federal statutory rate resulted primarily from foreign earnings for fiscal year 2010 taxed at rates lower than the federal statutory rate and the change in assessment as to reinvestment of earnings to United States deferred taxes related to the transfer of assets to an affiliated foreign company. For the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate resulted primarily from foreign earnings for fiscal year 2010 taxed at rates lower than the federal statutory rate and the change in assessment as to reinvestment of earnings to United States deferred taxes related to the transfer of assets to an affiliated foreign company. For the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the 35% federal statutory rate resulted primarily

from a tax benefit related to a reduction in the federal and state deferred tax asset valuation allowance, and from foreign earnings taxed at rates lower than the federal statutory rate.

As noted in the Company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on November 30, 2009, as amended on February 1, 2010, no benefit has been recognized for certain acquisition related deferred tax assets. The benefit from the recognition of these deferred items reduces the carrying value of goodwill instead of reducing income tax expense. The Company will evaluate the realization of the acquisition related deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis and adjust the provision for income taxes accordingly. As a result, the effective tax rate may vary in subsequent quarters.

The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in ASC 740 – *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"). Under the asset and liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that some of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

In accordance with GAAP, management has determined that it is more likely than not that a portion of the Company's historic and current year income tax benefits will not be realized. Accordingly, as of July 2, 2010, the Company has maintained a valuation allowance of \$25.0 million related to certain of its United States deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets are recognized for foreign operations when management believes that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered during the carryforward period. Management has also previously determined that it is more likely than not that a portion of the Company's foreign income tax benefits will not be realized and maintains a valuation allowance of \$1.6 million related to certain of its foreign deferred tax assets.

The Company will continue to evaluate its valuation allowance in future periods and depending upon the outcome of that assessment, additional amounts could be reversed or recorded and recognized as a reduction to goodwill or an adjustment to income tax benefit or expense. Such adjustments could cause the Company's effective income tax rate to vary in future periods. The Company will need to generate \$180.2 million of future United States federal taxable income to utilize all of its United States deferred tax assets, consisting of research and experimentation tax credit carryforwards, and deferred income tax temporary differences as of July 2, 2010.

On September 29, 2007, the Company adopted ASC 740-*Income Taxes* (formerly referenced as FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*). ASC 740 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with GAAP. ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This statement also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in the interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The provisions of ASC 740 are applied to all income tax provisions commencing from that date.

During the quarter ended July 2, 2010, there was a change in the Company's gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$4.8 million, resulting in an ending balance of \$15.1 million. Of the total unrecognized tax benefits at July 2, 2010, there would be a net impact of \$8.9 million to the effective tax rate if recognized. There are no tax positions which the Company anticipates will change within the next twelve months. Total year to date accrued interest related to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits is not significant. The Company's policy is to recognize accrued interest and penalties, if incurred, on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

The Company's major tax jurisdictions, as of the adoption of ASC 740, are the United States federal and the states of California and Iowa. For United States federal income tax, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 1998. For California, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2006, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 2002. For Iowa, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 2002. For Iowa, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 2002.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

During the quarter, the Company entered into a manufacturing services supply agreement which contained a minimum purchase obligation. Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, The Company is committed to approximately \$13 million in minimum purchases between April 2010 and December 2010. As of July 2, 2010, the Company expects to meet the minimum purchase obligations under this agreement.

Legal Matters

From time to time, various lawsuits, claims and proceedings have been, and may in the future be, instituted or asserted against the Company, including those pertaining to patent infringement, intellectual property, environmental, product liability, safety and health, employment and contractual matters.

Additionally, the semiconductor industry is characterized by vigorous protection and pursuit of intellectual property rights. From time to time, third parties have asserted and may in the future assert patent, copyright, trademark and other intellectual property rights to technologies that are important to the Company's business and have demanded and may in the future demand that the Company license their technology. The outcome of any such litigation cannot be predicted with certainty and some such lawsuits, claims or proceedings may be disposed of unfavorably to the Company. Generally speaking, intellectual property disputes often have a risk of injunctive relief, which, if imposed against the Company, could materially and adversely affect the Company's financial condition, or results of operations. From time to time the Company is also involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business.

The Company believes that there is no litigation pending that will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on its business.

Guarantees and Indemnifications

The Company has made no contractual guarantees for the benefit of third parties. However, the Company generally indemnifies its customers from third-party intellectual property infringement litigation claims related to its products, and, on occasion, also provides other indemnities related to product sales. In connection with certain facility leases, the Company has indemnified its lessors for certain claims arising from the facility or the lease.

The Company indemnifies its directors and officers to the maximum extent permitted under the laws of the state of Delaware. The duration of the indemnities varies, and in many cases is indefinite. The indemnities to customers in connection with product sales generally are subject to limits based upon the amount of the related product sales and in many cases are subject to geographic and other restrictions. In certain instances, the Company's indemnities do not provide for any limitation of the maximum potential future payments the Company could be obligated to make. The Company has not recorded any liability for these indemnities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and does not expect that such obligations will have a material adverse impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

10. RESTRUCTURING

Restructuring and other charges consists of the following (in thousands):

	Three-mo	onths Ended	Nine-mon	ths Ended
	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009
Asset impairments	\$ (1,040)	\$ —	\$ (1,040)	\$ 5,616
Restructuring and other charges	—		—	10,366
	\$ (1,040)	\$ —	\$ (1,040)	\$ 15,982

2009 RESTRUCTURING CHARGES AND OTHER

On January 22, 2009, the Company implemented a restructuring plan to realign its costs given the then current business conditions.

The Company exited its mobile transceiver product area and reduced global headcount by approximately 4%, or 150 employees. The Company recorded various charges associated with this action. In total, the Company recorded \$16.0 million of restructuring and other charges and \$3.5 million in inventory write-downs that were charged to cost of goods sold.



The \$16.0 million restructuring charge includes the following charges: severance and employee benefits associated with termination, impairment of certain long-lived assets which were written down to their salvage values, the exit of certain operating leases, the impairment of technology licenses and design software, and other charges.

During the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, the Company recorded a gain of \$1.0 million upon the disposition of certain equipment which was impaired as a part of the restructuring plan in 2009.

The Company made cash payments related to the restructuring plan of \$0.4 million and \$1.4 million during the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, respectively.

Activity and liability balances related to the fiscal 2009 restructuring actions are as follows (in thousands):

	Facility Closings	License and Software Write- offs and Other	Workforce Reductions	Asset Impairments	Total
Charged to costs and expenses	\$ 1,967	\$ 3,892	\$ 4,507	\$ 5,616	\$ 15,982
Other	9	(368)	161	—	(198)
Non-cash items	—	(955)	—	(5,616)	(6,571)
Cash payments	(766)	(983)	(4,185)	—	(5,934)
Restructuring balance, October 2, 2009	1,210	1,586	483		3,279
Cash payments and other	(666)	(293)	(483)	—	(1,442)
Restructuring balance, July 2, 2010	<u>\$544</u>	\$ 1,293	\$	\$	\$ 1,837

The remaining restructuring reserve at July 2, 2010 of \$1.8 million is classified as other current liabilities. The Company anticipates the restructuring plan will be substantially completed by the end of fiscal year 2010.

11. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company follows ASC 280-*Segment Reporting* ("ASC 280"). ASC 280 establishes standards for the way public business enterprises report information about operating segments in annual financial statements and in interim reports to shareholders. The method for determining what information to report is based on the way that management organizes the segments within the Company for making operating decisions and assessing financial performance. Based on the guidance in ASC 280, the Company has one operating segment for financial reporting purposes, which designs, develops, manufactures and markets proprietary semiconductor products, including intellectual property, for manufacturers of wireless communication products.

12. EMPLOYEE STOCK BENEFIT PLANS

Net income for the three-month periods ended July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009 included share-based compensation expense under ASC 718-*Compensation-Stock Compensation* ("ASC 718") of \$9.4 million and \$5.5 million, respectively. Net income for the nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009 included share-based compensation expense under ASC 718 of \$26.2 million and \$16.3 million, respectively.

The following table summarizes share-based compensation expense related to employee stock options, restricted stock grants, performance stock grants, employee stock purchases, and management incentive compensation under ASC 718 for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009, which were allocated as follows (in thousands):

	Three-months Ended		Nine-mon	ths Ended
	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009
Stock options	\$ 4,539	\$ 3,305	\$ 12,717	\$ 8,715
Non-vested restricted stock with service and market conditions		209	689	2,854
Non-vested restricted stock with service conditions	255	254	668	784
Performance shares	4,158	1,345	10,802	2,796
Employee Stock Purchase Plan	483	355	1,363	1,172
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 9,435	\$ 5,468	\$ 26,239	\$ 16,321

Table of Contents

The Company utilized the following weighted average assumptions in calculating its share-based compensation expense using the Black Scholes model at July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009:

	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009
Expected volatility	56.19%	60.90%
Risk free interest rate (7 year)	1.62%	2.53%
Dividend yield	0.00	0.00
Expected option life (7 year contractual life options)	4.23	4.42

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Three-mor	ths Ended	Nine-months Ended			
(In thousands, except per share amounts)	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009		
Net income	\$ 34,736	\$ 18,740	\$ 90,490	\$ 36,647		
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic	175,495	167,062	174,220	165,971		
Effect of dilutive convertible debt	1,657	—	1,938			
Effect of dilutive stock options	6,737	2,463	5,914	1,209		
Weighted average shares outstanding – diluted	183,889	169,525	182,072	167,180		
Net income per share – basic	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.22		
Effect of dilutive convertible debt	—	—	(0.01)			
Effect of dilutive stock options	(0.01)		(0.01)			
Net income per share – diluted	\$ 0.19	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.22		

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share includes the dilutive effect of equity based awards using the treasury stock method and the 2007 Convertible Notes using the treasury stock method, if their effect is dilutive.

Equity based awards exercisable for approximately 4.8 million shares and 5.6 million shares were outstanding but not included in the computation of earnings per share for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, respectively, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

Equity based awards exercisable for approximately 13.2 million shares and 20.2 million shares were outstanding but not included in the computation of earnings per share for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, respectively, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

In addition, the Company issued \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible subordinated notes in March 2007. These 2007 Convertible Notes contain cash settlement provisions, which permit the application of the treasury stock method in determining potential share dilution of the conversion spread should the share price of the Company's common stock exceed \$9.52. It has been the Company's historical practice to cash settle the principal and interest components of convertible debt instruments, and it is our intention to continue to do so in the future.

The Company retired \$20.4 million and \$53.0 million of aggregate principal amount of the 2007 Convertible Notes in the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, respectively. The Company retired \$0.0 million and \$40.5 million of aggregate principal amount of the 2007 Convertible Notes in the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, respectively. These shares have not been included in the computation of earnings per share for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009 as their effect would have been anti-dilutive. The maximum potential dilution from the settlement of the 2007 Convertible Notes would have been approximately 10.2 million shares and 10.7 million shares for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, respectively.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This report and other documents we have filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and are subject to the "safe harbor" created by those sections. Words such as "believes," "expects," "may," "will," "would," "should," "could," "seek," "intends," "plans," "potential," "continue," "estimates," "anticipates," "predicts," and similar expressions or variations or negatives of such words are intended to identify forward-looking statements, but are not the exclusive means of identifying forward-looking statements in this report. Additionally, statements concerning future matters such as the development of new products, enhancements or technologies, sales levels, expense levels and other statements regarding matters that are not historical are forward-looking statements. Although forward-looking statements in this report reflect the good faith judgment of our management, such statements can only be based on facts and factors currently known by us. Consequently, forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties and actual results and outcomes may differ materially and adversely from the results and outcomes discussed in or anticipated by the forward-looking statements. A number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially and adversely from those in the forward-looking statements. We urge you to consider the risks and uncertainties discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 2, 2009, under the heading "Risk Factors" and in the other documents we have filed with the SEC in evaluating our forward-looking statements. We have no plans, and undertake no obligation, to revise or update our forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made.

In this document, the words "we," "our," "ours" and "us" refer only to Skyworks Solutions, Inc. and its subsidiaries and not any other person or entity.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE AND NINE-MONTHS ENDED JULY 2, 2010 AND JULY 3, 2009

The following table sets forth the results of our operations expressed as a percentage of net revenue for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009:

	Three-month	s Ended	Nine-month	s Ended
	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009 (1)	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009 (1)
Net revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold	57.1	59.8	57.7	60.7
Gross profit	42.9	40.2	42.3	39.3
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	12.7	15.5	13.0	16.2
Selling, general and administrative	10.7	12.7	11.1	12.9
Amortization of intangible assets	0.5	0.8	0.6	0.7
Restructuring and other charges	(0.4)		(0.1)	2.8
Total operating expenses	23.5	29.0	24.6	32.6
Operating income	19.4	11.2	17.7	6.7
Interest expense	(0.3)	(1.0)	(0.5)	(1.1)
Gain on early retirement of convertible debt	—	—	—	0.9
Other income, net	—	—	—	0.2
Income before income taxes	19.1	10.2	17.2	6.7
Provision for income taxes	6.5	0.4	5.3	0.4
Net income	12.6%	9.8%	11.9%	6.3%



(1) Effective October 3, 2009, we adopted ASC 470-20 — *Debt, Debt with Conversions and Other Options* ("ASC 470-20") in accordance with GAAP. Our financial statements for the three and nine-months ended July 3, 2009 have been adjusted to reflect the retrospective adoption of this new accounting principle.

GENERAL

During the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, certain key factors contributed to our overall results of operations and cash flows from operations. Specifically:

- We generated net revenue of \$275.4 million for the three-month period ended July 2, 2010 compared to \$191.2 million in the corresponding period in fiscal 2009, an increase of 44.0%. For the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 we generated \$758.6 million of net revenue, as compared to \$574.4 million for the corresponding period in the prior fiscal year, an increase of 32.1%. The growth in net revenue during both comparative periods was principally driven by an increase in market share and higher overall demand for mobile internet, energy management and diversified analog applications.
- Gross profit margin increased by \$41.3 million or 270 basis points to 42.9% of net revenue in the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, as compared to the three-month period ended July 3, 2009 and increased by \$95.0 million or 300 basis points to 42.3% of net revenue for the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 as compared to the corresponding prior year period. The increase in gross profit in aggregate dollars and as a percentage of net revenue is primarily the result of continued factory process and productivity enhancements, product end-to-end yield improvements, year-over-year material cost reductions and the increase in net revenue.
- Operating income for the three-month period ended July 2, 2010 increased by 148.5% to \$53.5 million as compared to the three-month period ended July 3, 2009. For the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, operating income increased by 246.6% to \$134.3 million, as compared to the corresponding period in the prior fiscal year. The increases in operating income were largely a result of the aforementioned increases in net revenue and gross profit margin.
- In the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, we retired the remaining aggregate outstanding principal balance of our 1.25% Notes in cash as well as \$20.4 million of aggregate outstanding principal amount of our 1.50% Notes (See Note 7 of our Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for a full description of our borrowing arrangements).
- We generated \$149.7 million in cash from operations which resulted in an increase of \$19.6 million in cash and cash equivalents during the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, despite paying \$80.5 million in outstanding principal and conversion premiums to settle the above referenced 1.25% Notes and 1.50% Notes, and investing \$59.6 million in capital equipment. This resulted in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash balances of \$390.0 million at July 2, 2010 and has allowed us to improve our net cash position (cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash less short-term and long-term debt) from \$246.7 million at October 2, 2009 to \$315.5 million at July 2, 2010.

NET REVENUE

	Three	-months Ended		1	Nine-months Ended	
(dollars in thousands)	July 2, 2010	Change	July 3, 2009	July 2, 2010	Change	July 3, 2009
Net revenue	\$275,370	44.0%	\$191,213	\$758,566	32.1%	\$574,431

We market and sell our products directly to Original Equipment Manufacturers ("OEMs") of communication electronic products, third-party Original Design Manufacturers ("ODMs") and contract manufacturers, and indirectly through electronic components distributors. We periodically enter into revenue generating arrangements that leverage our broad intellectual property portfolio by licensing or selling our non-core patents or other intellectual property. We anticipate continuing this intellectual property strategy in future periods.

We generated net revenue of \$275.4 million for the three-month period ended July 2, 2010 compared to \$191.2 million in the corresponding period in fiscal 2009. During the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, we generated \$758.6 million of net revenue, as compared to \$574.4 million for the corresponding period in the prior fiscal year. This growth represents an increase of 44.0% and 32.1%, for the three and nine-month periods, respectively. The revenue growth for both the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 was principally attributable to market share gains and increased overall demand for mobile internet, energy management and diversified analog applications.

GROSS PROFIT

	Т	Three-months Ended				
	July 2,		July 3,	July 2,		July 3,
(dollars in thousands)	2010	Change	2009	2010	Change	2009
Gross profit	\$118,266	53.7%	\$ 76,950	\$320,674	42.1%	\$225,692
% of net revenue	42.9%		40.2%	42.3%		39.3%

Gross profit represents net revenue less cost of goods sold. Cost of goods sold consists primarily of purchased materials, labor and overhead (including depreciation and equity based compensation expense) associated with product manufacturing.

Gross profit increased \$41.3 million in the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, as compared to the three-month period ended July 3, 2009 and increased \$95.0 million for the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 as compared to the same nine-month period in fiscal 2009. This resulted in a 270 basis point increase in gross profit margin to 42.9% in the three-month period ended July 2, 2010 as compared to the three-month period ended July 3, 2009. Gross profit margin for the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 increased 300 basis points to 42.3% from 39.3% as compared to the nine-month period ended July 3, 2009. The increase in gross profit in aggregate dollars and as a percentage of net revenue is primarily the result of the aforementioned increase in net revenue as well as continued factory process and productivity enhancements, product end-to-end yield improvements and year-over-year material cost reductions. During the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, and the corresponding period in fiscal year 2009, we continued to benefit from higher contribution margins associated with the licensing and/or sale of intellectual property.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

	Т	Three-months Ended		Nine-months Ended			
(dollars in thousands)	July 2, 2010	Change	July 3, 2009	July 2, 2010	Change	July 3, 2009	
Research and development	\$ 34,882	17.6%	\$ 29,666	\$ 98,731	6.3%	\$ 92,906	
% of net revenue	12.7%		15.5%	13.0%		16.2%	

Research and development expenses consist principally of direct personnel costs, costs for pre-production evaluation and testing of new devices, masks and engineering prototypes, equity based compensation expense and design and test tool costs.

Research and development expenses in aggregate dollars increased 17.6% or \$5.2 million for the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, as compared to the corresponding period in the previous fiscal year. Research and development expenses for the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 increased 6.3% or \$5.8 million as compared to the corresponding period in the previous fiscal year. The increase in research and development expenses during both the three and nine-month periods are primarily the result of higher labor and mask costs in support of product development for our target markets. However, research and development expenses decreased as a percentage of net revenue in both the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 as compared to the corresponding periods in fiscal 2009, primarily as a result of the aforementioned increase in net revenue.



SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

	Г	Three-months Ended				
	July 2,		July 3,	July 2,		July 3,
(dollars in thousands)	2010	Change	2009	2010	Change	2009
Selling, general and administrative	\$ 29,451	21.6%	\$ 24,215	\$ 84,164	13.6%	\$ 74,110
% of net revenue	10.7%		12.7%	11.1%		12.9%

Selling, general and administrative expenses include legal, accounting, treasury, human resources, information systems, customer service, bad debt expense, sales commissions, equity based compensation expense, advertising, marketing and other costs.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$5.2 million during the three-month period ended July 2, 2010 due to an increase in labor costs, outside services and equity based compensation, as compared to the same three-month period of the prior fiscal year. During the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$10.0 million due primarily to an increase in equity based compensation as compared to corresponding period in fiscal 2009. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased as a percentage of net revenue for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, as compared to the corresponding periods in the prior fiscal year, primarily due to the aforementioned increase in net revenue.

AMORTIZATION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	·	Three-months Ended		Nine-months Ended					
	July 2,		July 3,	July 2,		July 3,			
(dollars in thousands)	2010	Change	2009	2010	Change	2009			
Amortization	\$ 1,501	(3.0)%	\$ 1,548	\$ 4,502	14.2%	\$ 3,943			
% of net revenue	0.5%		0.8%	0.6%		0.7%			

Amortization expense for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 was relatively unchanged as compared to the corresponding period of fiscal 2009.

RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER CHARGES

	Т	hree-months Ended]			
	July 2,		July	3,	July 2,		July 3,
(dollars in thousands)	2010	Change	2009		2010	Change	2009
Restructuring and other charges	(\$1,040)	(100.0)%	\$	_	(\$1,040)	(106.5)%	\$ 15,982
% of net revenue	(0.4%)			0.0%	(0.1%)		2.8%

On January 22, 2009, we implemented a restructuring plan to realign our costs given the then current business conditions.

We exited our mobile transceiver product area and reduced global headcount by approximately 4%, or 150 employees, which resulted in a reduction in annual operating expenditures of \$19.4 million. We recorded various charges associated with this action. In total, we recorded \$16.0 million of restructuring and other charges and \$3.5 million in inventory write-downs that were charged to cost of goods sold.

The \$16.0 million charge includes the following charges: severance and benefits, impairment of certain long-lived assets which were written down to their salvage values, the exit of certain operating leases, the impairment of technology licenses and design software and other charges.

During the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, we experienced a gain of \$1.0 million upon the disposition of certain equipment which was impaired as a part of the restructuring plan in 2009.

For additional information regarding restructuring charges and liability balances, see Note 10 of Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

INTEREST EXPENSE

	Three-months Ended				Nine-months Ended					
(dollars in thousands)	ly 2,)10	Change		July 3, 2009		July 2, 2010	Ch	nange		July 3, 2009
Interest expense	\$ 867	(56.6)%	\$	1,999	\$	3,619		(43.0)%	\$	6,352
% of net revenue	0.3%			1.0%		0.5%				1.1%
		19								

Interest expense is comprised principally of payments in connection with the \$50.0 million credit facility between Skyworks USA, Inc., our wholly owned subsidiary, and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (previously Wachovia Bank, N.A.) ("Facility Agreement"), the 1.25% Notes and the 1.50% Notes (collectively, the "2007 Convertible Notes") and the amortization of discount on the 2007 Convertible Notes.

The decrease in interest expense, both in aggregate dollars and as a percentage of net revenue for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, as compared to the corresponding periods in fiscal 2009, was primarily due to a decline in interest payments and amortization of discount associated with the 2007 Convertible Notes as a result of early retirements and settlements. See Note 7 of Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for information related to our borrowing arrangements.

GAIN (LOSS) ON EARLY RETIREMENT OF CONVERTIBLE DEBT

	Three-months Ended								
(dollars in thousands)	ıly 2, 010	Change		ıly 3, 009		ıly 2, 2010	Change	July 3, 2009	
Gain (loss) on early retirement of									
convertible debt	\$ 45	100.0%	\$	_	\$	(79)	(101.6)%	\$ 4,913	
% of net revenue	0.0%			0.0%		0.0%		0.9%	

In the three-month period ended July 2, 2010, we retired and settled \$20.4 million in aggregate principal amount of the 1.50% Notes. In the nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009 we retired \$53.0 million and \$40.5 million of aggregate principal amount of our 2007 Convertible Notes, respectively. We recorded a gain of \$4.9 million in the nine-month period ended July 3, 2009 as the early retirements completed in the period were executed at a discount to the carrying value of the bonds.

OTHER INCOME (LOSS), NET

		Three-months Ended				Nine-months Ended				
		ly 2,			ly 3,	J	fuly 2,			July 3,
(dollars in thousands)	2	010	Change	20)09		2010	Change		2009
Other income (loss), net	\$	19	(159.4)%	\$	(32)	\$	(300)	(122.1)%	\$	1,357
% of net revenue		0.0%			0.0%		0.0%			0.2%

Other income (loss), net is comprised primarily of interest income on invested cash balances, other non-operating income and expense items and foreign exchange gains/losses.

Other income decreased in the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, as compared to the corresponding period in fiscal 2009, as a result of an overall decline in interest income on invested cash balances due to lower interest rates and foreign exchange losses incurred in the nine-months ended July 2, 2010.

PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

	,	Three-months Ended				Nine-months Ended	
(dollars in thousands)	July 2, 2010	Change	July 2009		July 2, 2010	Change	July 3, 2009
(donars in mousands)	2010	Change	2008	9	2010	Change	2009
Provision for income taxes	\$ 17,933	2,291.1%	\$ 7	750	\$ 39,829	1,869.8%	\$ 2,022
% of net revenue	6.5%			0.4%	5.3%		0.4%

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 consists of approximately \$17.6 million and \$39.0 million, respectively, of United States income taxes. The provision for income taxes for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009 consists of approximately \$0.3 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, of United States income taxes. Of the total United States income tax provision, there were no charges reducing the carrying value of goodwill for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 and July 3, 2009, respectively. For the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the 35% federal statutory rate resulted primarily from foreign earnings for fiscal year 2010 taxed at rates lower than the federal statutory rate and the change in assessment as to reinvestment of earnings to United States deferred taxes related to the transfer of assets to an affiliated foreign company. For the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the change in assessment as to reinvestment of earnings to United States deferred taxes related to the transfer of assets to an affiliated foreign company. For the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009, the difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the 35% federal

statutory rate resulted primarily from a tax benefit related to a reduction in the federal and state deferred tax asset valuation allowance, and from foreign earnings taxed at rates lower than the federal statutory rate.

The provision for income taxes for the three and nine-month periods ended July 2, 2010 consists of approximately \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, of foreign income taxes. The provision for income taxes for the three and nine-month periods ended July 3, 2009 consists of approximately \$0.4 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, of foreign income taxes.

In accordance with ASC 740 – *Income Taxes* ("ASC 740"), management has determined that it is more likely than not that a portion of our historic and current year income tax benefits will not be realized. Accordingly, as of July 2, 2010, we have maintained a valuation allowance of \$25.0 million related to our United States deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets have been recognized for foreign operations when management believes that it is more likely than not that they will be recovered during the carryforward period. We have also previously determined that it is more likely than not that a portion of our foreign income tax benefits will not be realized and maintain a valuation allowance of \$1.6 million related to our foreign deferred tax assets.

Realization of benefits from our deferred tax assets (principally state research and experimentation credits) is dependent upon generating United States source taxable income in the future, which may result in the existing valuation reserve being reversed to the extent that the related deferred tax assets no longer require a valuation allowance under the provisions of ASC 740.

We will continue to evaluate our valuation allowance in future periods and depending upon the outcome of that assessment, additional amounts could be reversed or recorded and recognized as a reduction to goodwill or an adjustment to income tax benefit or expense. Such adjustments could cause our effective income tax rate to vary in future periods. We will need to generate \$180.2 million of future United States federal taxable income to utilize all of our United States deferred tax assets, consisting of research and experimentation tax credit carryforwards, and deferred income tax temporary differences as of July 2, 2010.

As noted in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on November 30, 2009, as amended on February 1, 2010, no benefit has been recognized for certain acquisition related deferred tax assets. The benefit from the recognition of these deferred items reduces the carrying value of goodwill instead of reducing income tax expense. We will evaluate the realization of the acquisition related deferred tax assets on a quarterly basis and adjust the provision for income taxes accordingly. As a result, the effective tax rate may vary in subsequent quarters.

We adopted ASC 740- *Income Taxes* (formerly referenced as FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes-an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*), as of the beginning of fiscal year 2008. During the quarter ended July 2, 2010, there was a change in the Company's gross unrecognized tax benefits of \$4.8 million, resulting in an ending balance of \$15.1 million. Of the total unrecognized tax benefits at July 2, 2010, there would be a net impact of \$8.9 million to the effective tax rate if recognized. There are no tax positions which the Company anticipates will change within the next twelve months. Total year to date accrued interest related to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits is not significant. The Company's policy is to recognize accrued interest and penalties, if incurred, on any unrecognized tax benefits as a component of income tax expense.

Our major tax jurisdictions, as of the adoption of ASC 740, are the United States federal and the states of California and Iowa. For United States federal income tax, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 1998. For California, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2006, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 2002. For Iowa, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 2002. For Iowa, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal 2002. For Iowa, the statute of limitations is closed on years before fiscal 2007, but because of carryforwards, certain items are open back to fiscal year 2002.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Provided and Used

	Nine-mont	Nine-months Ended	
(dollars in thousands)	July 2, 2010	July 3, 2009	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 364,221	\$ 225,104	
Net cash provided by operating activities	149,677	143,265	
Net cash used in investing activities	(65,609)	(33,321)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(64,465)	(32,544)	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 383,824	\$ 302,504	

Based on our results of operations for the first nine months of fiscal year 2010, along with current economic trends, we expect our existing sources of liquidity, together with cash expected to be generated from operations, will be sufficient to fund our research and development, capital expenditures, debt obligations, working capital and other cash requirements for at least the next 12 months. However, we cannot be certain that the capital required to fund these expenses will be available in the future. In addition, any strategic investments and acquisitions that we may make to help us grow our business may require additional capital resources. If we are unable to obtain sufficient capital to meet our capital needs on a timely basis and on favorable terms (if at all), our business and operations could be materially adversely affected.

Cash and cash equivalent balances increased \$19.6 million to \$383.8 million at July 2, 2010 from \$364.2 million at October 2, 2009. This increase was due to \$149.7 million in cash that we generated from operations during the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, as well as \$20.8 million in net proceeds from stock option exercises, offset by the early retirement and settlement of \$53.0 million of aggregate principal amount of the 2007 Convertible Notes, reacquisition of equity instruments of \$29.6 million (relating to the aforementioned adoption of ASC 470-20), capital expenditures of \$59.6 million and \$4.3 million in repurchases of common stock (relating to tax withholding on vesting of restricted stock). The number of days sales outstanding related to accounts receivables at July 2, 2010 decreased to 51 from 54 at July 3, 2009 primarily as a result of increased collection of accounts receivables.

During the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010, we generated net income of \$90.5 million. We experienced an increase accounts payable and other accrued liabilities of \$33.5 million and \$5.7 million, respectively. We also incurred multiple non-cash charges (e.g., depreciation, amortization, contribution of common shares to savings and retirement plans, deferred income taxes, and share-based compensation expense) totaling \$98.2 million. This was offset by an increase in accounts receivables of \$40.3 million, an increase in inventories of \$31.9 million, and an increase in prepaid and other current assets of \$6.5 million.

Cash used in investing activities for the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 consisted of investments in capital equipment of \$59.6 million primarily to expand fabrication and assembly and test capacity. We believe a focused program of capital expenditures will be required to sustain our current manufacturing capabilities. We expect that future capital expenditures will be funded by the generation of positive cash flows from operations. We may also consider future acquisition opportunities to extend our technology portfolio and design expertise and to expand our product offerings.

Cash used in financing activities for the nine-month period ended July 2, 2010 consisted of the early retirement and settlement of \$53.0 million of aggregate outstanding principal amount of our 2007 Convertible Notes with a carrying value of \$51.1 million. We also paid \$29.6 million for the reacquisition of the equity component on our 2007 Convertible Notes as a result of the early retirements and settlement (pursuant to the adoption of ASC 470-20) and \$4.3 million for the repurchase of common stock (related to tax withholding on vesting of restricted stock), offset by cash provided by stock option exercises of \$20.8 million.

Our invested cash balances primarily consist of money market funds and repurchase agreements where the underlying securities primarily consist of United States treasury obligations, United States agency obligations, overnight repurchase agreements backed by United States treasuries and/or United States agency obligations and highly rated commercial paper. Our invested cash balances also include time deposits/certificates of deposit. At July 2, 2010, we also held a \$3.2 million aggregate principal amount auction rate security which historically has provided

liquidity through a Dutch auction process. Disruptions in the credit markets have substantially eliminated the liquidity of this process resulting in failed auctions. During the fiscal year ended October 3, 2008, we performed a comprehensive valuation and discounted cash flow analysis on the auction rate security. We concluded the value of the auction rate security was \$2.3 million, and the carrying value of these securities was reduced by \$0.9 million, reflecting this change in fair value. Accordingly, in the fiscal year ended October 3, 2008, we recorded unrealized losses on this auction rate security of approximately \$0.9 million. We assessed these declines in fair market value to be temporary and consider the security to be illiquid until there is a successful auction or the security matures. Accordingly, the remaining auction rate security balance has been reclassified to non-current other assets and the loss has been recorded in other comprehensive income. We will continue to monitor the liquidity and accounting classification of this security in future periods. If, in a future period, we determine that the impairment is other than temporary, we will impair the security to its fair value and charge the loss to earnings.

On July 15, 2003, we entered into a receivables purchase agreement under which we have agreed to sell from time to time certain of our accounts receivable to Skyworks USA, Inc. ("Skyworks USA"), a wholly-owned special purpose entity that is fully consolidated for accounting purposes. Concurrently, Skyworks USA entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (previously Wachovia Bank, N.A.) providing for a \$50.0 million credit facility ("Facility Agreement") secured by the purchased accounts receivable. As a part of the consolidation, any interest incurred by Skyworks USA related to monies it borrows under the Facility Agreement is recorded as interest expense in the Company's results of operations. We perform collections and administrative functions on behalf of Skyworks USA. Interest related to the Facility Agreement is at LIBOR plus 0.75%. We renewed the Facility Agreement for another year in July 2009, and have subsequently extended the agreement through October 12, 2010. As of July 2, 2010, Skyworks USA had borrowed \$50.0 million under this agreement.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

Our contractual obligations disclosure in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 2, 2009 has not materially changed since we filed that report, with the exception that we fully repaid the remaining outstanding aggregate principle amount of the 1.25% Notes as of March 1, 2010, and retired \$20.4 million of aggregate outstanding principal amount of the 1.50% Notes. These retirements reduced the remaining outstanding principal balance on our 2007 Convertible notes to \$24.4 million as of July 2, 2010. Our short-term and long-term borrowing arrangements are more fully described in Note 7 of Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q.

During the quarter, we entered into a manufacturing services supply agreement which contained a minimum purchase obligation. Pursuant to the terms of this agreement, we are committed to approximately \$13 million in minimum purchases between April 2010 and December 2010. As of July 2, 2010, we expect to meet the minimum purchase obligations under this agreement.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

ASU 2010-17

In April 2010, the FASB reached a consensus on Accounting Standards Update ("ASU")-2010-17- *Revenue Recognition—Milestone Method* ("ASC 605") – *Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition* ("ASU 2010-17"). ASU 2010-17 provides guidance on defining a milestone and determining when it may be appropriate to apply the milestone method of revenue recognition for research or development transactions. If applied, entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures including a description of the overall arrangement, a description of each milestone and related contingent consideration, a determination of whether each milestone is considered substantive, the factors that the entity considered in determining whether the milestone or milestones are substantive, and the amount of consideration recognized during the period for the milestone or milestones. The amendments in this update are effective on a prospective basis for milestones achieved in fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2010-17 to have a material impact on the Company's results from operations or financial position.

ASU 2009-13 and ASU 2009-14

In September 2009, the FASB reached a consensus on Accounting Standards Update ("ASU")-2009-13-*Revenue Recognition* ("ASC 605") – *Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements* ("ASU 2009-13") and ASU 2009-14- *Software* ("ASC 985") – *Certain Revenue Arrangements That Include Software Elements* ("ASU 2009-14"). ASU 2009-13 modifies the requirements that must be met for an entity to recognize revenue from the sale of a delivered item that is part of a multiple-element arrangement when other items have not yet been delivered. ASU 2009-13 eliminates the requirement that all undelivered elements must have either: i) Vendor Specific Objective Evidence



("VSOE") or ii) third-party evidence, or TPE, before an entity can recognize the portion of an overall arrangement consideration that is attributable to items that already have been delivered. In the absence of VSOE or TPE of the standalone selling price for one or more delivered or undelivered elements in a multiple-element arrangement, entities will be required to estimate the selling prices of those elements. Overall arrangement consideration will be allocated to each element (both delivered and undelivered items) based on their relative selling prices, regardless of whether those selling prices are evidenced by VSOE or TPE or are based on the entity's estimated selling price. The residual method of allocating arrangement consideration has been eliminated. ASU 2009-14 modifies the software revenue recognition guidance to exclude from its scope tangible products that contain both software and non-software components that function together to deliver a product's essential functionality. These new updates are effective for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that the adoption of these ASUs will have on its consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are subject to foreign currency, investment, market and interest rate risks as described below.

Investment, Market and Interest Rate Risk

Our exposure to interest and market risk relates principally to our investment portfolio, which as of July 2, 2010 consisted of the following (in millions):

Cash and cash equivalents (time deposits, overnight repurchase agreements and money market funds)	\$ 383.8
Restricted cash (time deposits and certificates of deposit)	6.1
Available for sale securities (auction rate securities)	2.3
Total	\$ 392.2

The principal objective of our investment activities is the liquidity and preservation of capital. Credit risk associated with our investments is not significant as our investment policy prescribes high credit quality standards and limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. We do not use derivative instruments for trading, speculative or investment purposes.

In general, our cash and cash equivalent investments have short-term maturity periods which dampen the impact of significant market or interest rate risk. We are, however, subject to overall financial market risks, such as changes in market liquidity, credit quality and interest rates. Available for sale securities carry a longer maturity period (contractual maturities exceed ten years). In fiscal 2008, we experienced what we believe will be a temporary unrealized loss on our investment in auction rate securities primarily caused by a disruption in the liquidity of the Dutch auction process which resets interest rates each period. We classified auction rate securities in prior periods as current assets under "Short Term Investments". Given the failed auctions, the auction rate securities are effectively illiquid until there is a successful auction. Accordingly, the remaining auction rate securities balance has been reclassified to non-current other assets. However, it is not more likely-than-not that we will be required to sell the auction rate securities prior to maturity.

Our short-term debt consists of borrowings under our credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (previously Wachovia Bank, N.A.) of \$50.0 million. Interest related to our borrowings under our credit facility with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. is at LIBOR plus 0.75% and was approximately 1.1% at July 2, 2010. Consequently, given current market conditions we do not have significant cash flow exposure or interest rate risk on this short-term debt.

Our long-term debt at July 2, 2010 consists of \$24.4 million aggregate outstanding principal amount of 1.50% Notes. The 1.50% Notes contain cash settlement provisions, which permit the application of the treasury stock method in determining potential share dilution of the conversion spread should the share price of the Company's common stock exceed \$9.52. It has been the Company's historical practice to cash settle the principal and interest components of convertible debt instruments, as evidenced by the full cash settlement of the remaining aggregate outstanding principal amount of 1.25% Notes on March 1, 2010 and it is our intention to continue to do so in the future. These shares have been included in the computation of earnings per share for the fiscal year ended July 2, 2010.



Exchange Rate Risk

Substantially all sales to customers and arrangements with third-party manufacturers provide for pricing and payment in United States dollars, thereby reducing the impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on our results. A small percentage of our international operational expenses are denominated in foreign currencies. Exchange rate volatility could negatively or positively impact those operating costs. Increases in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to other currencies could make our products more expensive, which could negatively impact our ability to compete. Conversely, decreases in the value of the United States dollar relative to other currencies could result in our suppliers raising their prices to continue doing business with us. Fluctuations in currency exchange rates could have a greater effect on our business in the future to the extent our expenses increasingly become denominated in foreign currencies.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(*a*) *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures*. Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of July 2, 2010. The term "disclosure controls and procedures," as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act, means controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. Based on management's evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of July 2, 2010, our chief executive officer and chief financial officer concluded that, as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

(*b*) *Changes in internal controls over financial reporting*. No changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act) occurred during the fiscal quarter ended July 2, 2010 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no significant changes in the risk factors disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 2, 2009.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

(c) The following table provides information regarding repurchases of common stock made by us during the fiscal quarter ended July 2, 2010:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Ave	erage Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
04/03/10 - 04/30/10	_		_		
05/01/10 - 05/28/10	43,405(1)	\$	15.68	N/A(2)	N/A(2)
05/29/10 - 07/02/10	4,136(1)	\$	17.04	N/A(2)	N/A(2)
TOTAL	47,541(1)		_		

⁽¹⁾ All shares of common stock reported in the table above were repurchased by Skyworks at the fair market value of the common stock as of the period stated above, in connection with the satisfaction of tax withholding obligations under restricted stock agreements between Skyworks and certain of its key employees.

(2) We have no publicly announced plans or programs.

Item 6. Exhibits

Number	Description
31.1*	Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Rules 13a- 14(a) and 15d- 14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: August 10, 2010

SKYWORKS SOLUTIONS, INC.

By: /s/ David J. Aldrich David J. Aldrich, President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Donald W. Palette

Donald W. Palette, Chief Financial Officer Vice President (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

- Number
 Description

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 Certification of the Company's Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, Rules 13a- 14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
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- 32.2 Certification of the Company's Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

CERTIFICATION OF THE CEO PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED, RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, David J. Aldrich, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Skyworks Solutions, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and,
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and,
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2010

/s/ David J. Aldrich

David J. Aldrich Chief Executive Officer President

CERTIFICATION OF THE CFO PURSUANT TO SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED, RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Donald W. Palette, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Skyworks Solutions, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and,
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and,
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 10, 2010

/s/ Donald W. Palette Donald W. Palette Chief Financial Officer Vice President

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Skyworks Solutions, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending July 2, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, David J. Aldrich, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ David J. Aldrich David J. Aldrich Chief Executive Officer President

Date: August 10, 2010

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the quarterly report of Skyworks Solutions, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending July 2, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Donald W. Palette, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ Donald W. Palette Donald W. Palette Chief Financial Officer Vice President

Date: August 10, 2010